P.E- Lower Key Stage One - Athletics Yr1 and Yr2

Pupils should be taught to:	How we do this in Y1	How we do this in Y2	Resources	Vocabulary	<u>Notes</u>
Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities	Key vocabulary will be taught at the start of each session and explicitly modelled, review previous session vocabulary where applicable. - Key travelling movements modelled to the children, including walking, jogging and running - Children should develop an awareness of speed and distance, learn how to run in a coordinated and fluent way and how to run at different speeds for shorter and longer durations - Children should develop spatial awareness in negotiating obstacles, using different techniques and speeds to tackle them	Continue to embed already taught vocabulary from precious year model where possible as a recap. Introduce new vocabulary where possible model - Children should continue to develop their awareness of speed and distance, learn how to run in a coordinated and fluent way and how to run at different speeds for shorter and longer durations - Choose different combinations of jumps for different games and activities - Learn a variety of jumping techniques and develop fluency in a range of approaches & take off positions	Yr 1 Cones, iPad, hoops, balls, bean bags, task cards from PE hub, Year 2 Small cones, timer, benches, hoops, small horse, large sponge balls, trigolf, bean bags, bibs https://www.sasp.co.uk/uploads/athletics-year-1-2.pdf	Vocabulary Yr1 Sprint, agile, challenge, set time, improvements, relay, speed, distance, repetitive, bicep curl, chest press, rowing, side lateral raises, stamina, obstacles, accuracy Vocabulary Yr2 Power, running, jumping, timing, start, end, speed, burpee, obstacle, combine, position, under arm, over arm, accuracy, distance, target, sprint, space, faster, slower, speed, agility, control, teamwork, isolation	Differentiation is not decided by who is SEND, WTS, EXS or GD in other areas, but through outcome, support and carefully selected equipment apparatus to extend/ challenge and support learners Differentiation for individuals may vary across sessions/ tasks and units of work. Teaching sequence: - Warm up - Review previous learning/ vocabulary - Clear modelling of new teaching - Pupil/ group activity - Review/ re model - Share- does not have to be whole class could be two groups at a time- use sharing part as teaching points - Cool down Please note pupils should be active a minimum of 80% of the session

- Watch and copy each other jumping and recognise good jumps - Record timings for children to beat personal bests - Perform repetitive movements (such as bicep curls, chest press rowing etc), first observing the teacher and then replicating the movements themselves. CRM - he/she can jump: side to side; both feet together; one foot to the other - he/she can start and stop at speed, run in straight lines using a	isolation and as part of an obstacle course
stop at speed, run in	
- he/she can participate as part of a team to compete in running relays	- he/she can use over arm and underarm throws to throw items in a straight line.